The BWRX-300 is designed to provide clean, flexible baseload electricity generation that is competitively priced and has the life cycle costs of typical natural gas combined cycle plants targeting $2000/kW for NOAK (nth of a kind) implementations.

The tenth evolution of the Boiling Water Reactor (BWR), the BWRX-300 represents the simplest, yet most innovative BWR design since GE began developing nuclear reactors in 1955. The result is a dramatic reduction in scale and complexity compared to large reactors, as well as other SMR designs. BWRX-300 is projected to have up to 60% less capital cost per MW when compared with other typical water-cooled SMR and large nuclear designs in the market. The BWRX-300 is designed for significant reductions in operating, staff, maintenance cost, and security requirements.

The key BWRX-300 innovation is the elimination of large Loss-of-Coolant Accidents (LOCAs). This innovation enables simpler passive safety systems and a more compact reactor building compared to prior Light Water Reactor (LWR) designs. A strong focus on design-to-cost has resulted in an innovative solution that limits plant volume, concrete and steel, while utilizing the ESBWR’s design and licensing basis to the fullest extent. Traditional support system designs are simplified and scaled down from the ESBWR.

The BWRX-300 utilizes natural circulation and passive cooling isolation condenser systems from the U.S. NRC-licensed ESBWR. Steam condensation and gravity allow the BWRX-300 to passively cool itself for seven days without power or operator action during abnormal events, including station blackout. Indefinite cooling is achieved by the simple action of water addition to the isolation condenser pools.

The reactor pressure vessel and other components can be manufactured in various places outside of the U.S. offering greater supply chain flexibility and assurance of competitive pricing.

The BWRX-300 can be commercially deployed as early as 2030, utilizing modular and open-top construction techniques proven in Japan. The BWRX-300 power plant is approximately 10% of the size and complexity of a large nuclear project; thereby, substantially reducing project risk and total capital cost requirements.

Key advantages

- World-class safety
- Designed to be cost-competitive with gas
- Up to 60% capital cost reduction per MW
- Scaled from the licensed ESBWR design
- No large LOCAs
- 7 days of passive standby cooling
- Utilizes common construction techniques
- Requires only limited on-site staff and security

Patents pending.

*Compared to currently offered water-cooled SMRs

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